



Domestic and International Advances in Numerical Air Quality Prediction at Baron Advanced Meteorological Systems

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and

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Talk Outline

- Introduction to NAQP at BAMS
- International Deployment of Operational NAQP DSS: Meso-America (CATHALAC)
- Domestic System Improvements, Evaluation and Status
- Summary









Introduction:

Baron Adv. Met Systems: 12th year in Operational Numerical Air Quality Systems

- MAQSIP-RT
 - Began in 1998
 - Participated in all major field programs since 2000
 - TXAQS-2000, NEAQS-2001, 2002, 2004 (McHenry, et al., 2004, Bull. Amer. Meteorological Society), TEXAQS-06
 - Performance Statistics leader among all models forecasting ozone throughout all of these field programs
 - Upcoming: CALNEX (May/June 2010)
- CMAQ-DA (improved SOA)
 - NASA grant/cooperative agreement AOD Data-Assimilating Version
 - Operational Capability about 6 months out for DA version
 - Near-term emissions improvements (soon)
- Both MAQSIP-RT and CMAQ-DA
 - Coupling to NASA Land-Information System: Improved Emissions
- MATC-H (under development)
 - Multi-scale Atmospheric Transport and Chemistry Hybrid Parallel









Introduction: Baron Adv. Met Systems 12th year in Operational Numerical Air Quality Systems

- Goal: To continually improve operational decision support for issuance of air quality forecasts by numerous clients
 - TOOLS *DIFFER* FROM NATIONAL EPA/NCEP CMAQ model in all cases thus they all add value:
 - almost all meteorological forecasts are based on more than one model—
 - WHY NOT AIR QUALITY?? BAMS provides the additional hi-value modeling systems that allow AQ forecasters to make forecasts with increased confidence and certainty









SERVIR Application: Operational NAQP System at SERVIR-CATHALAC

Component Models and DataFlows

Met Data Ingest



CATHALAC MM5
Numerical Weather
Prediction

Global SMOKE

Emissions

Processing and

Modeling System

Support



Air Quality Guidance Products

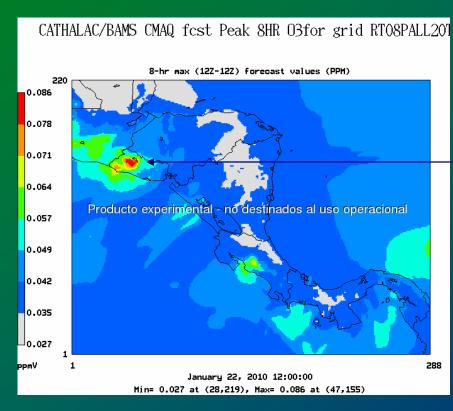








SERVIR Application: Operational NAQP System at SERVIR-CATHALAC



SERVIR Model Ozone Forecast

- Next day model forecast for San Salvador, El Salvador, CA
- peak 8-hour ozone> 85PPB
- Would violate the older US ozone standard if it occurs
- Forecaster could use this guidance to issue a public alert or recommend preventative action

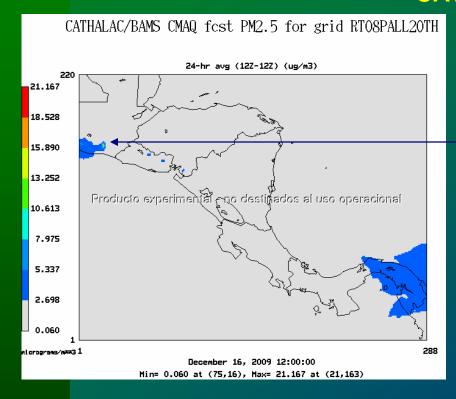








SERVIR Application: Operational NAQP System at SERVIR-CATHALAC



SERVIR Model PM2.5 Forecast

- Next day model forecast for Guatemala City, Guatemala
- 24-hour average PM2.5 > 21 ug/m3
- Would indicate moderate PM2.5 pollution in the US
- Forecaster could use this guidance to issue a public forecast for moderate air quality

C_{low}	C_{high}	I_{low}	I_{high}	Category
0	15.4	0	50	Good
15.5	40.4	51	100	Moderate
40.5	65.4	101	150	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups
65.5	150.4	151	200	Unhealthy
150.5	250.4	201	300	Very Unhealthy



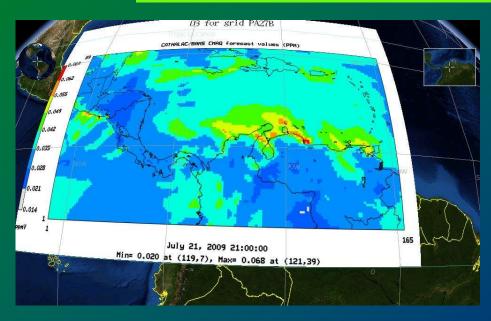


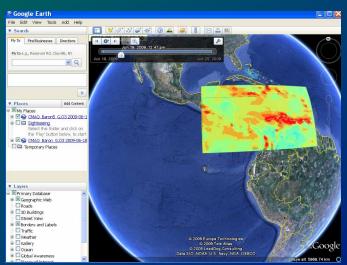




SERVIR Application: Operational NAQP System at SERVIR-CATHALAC

SERVIR Model Can Be Visualized in a Number of Ways





NASA SERVIR-VIZ application

Google Earth



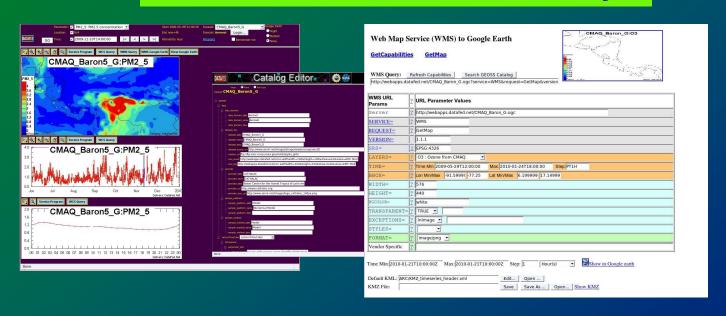






SERVIR Application: Operational NAQP System at SERVIR-CATHALAC

SERVIR Model Can Be Visualized in a Number of Ways



Examples: GEOSS compatibility









International Deployment: CATHALAC

Next Steps at CATHALAC

- Improve SMOKE emissions to include primary PM2.5 estimate
- Augment CMAQ output to include additional specialized outputs
- Implement forecast model analysis at monitor (real-time)
- Conduct additional CMAQ-based SMOG BLOG training
- Assist CATHALAC in improving meteorological inputs

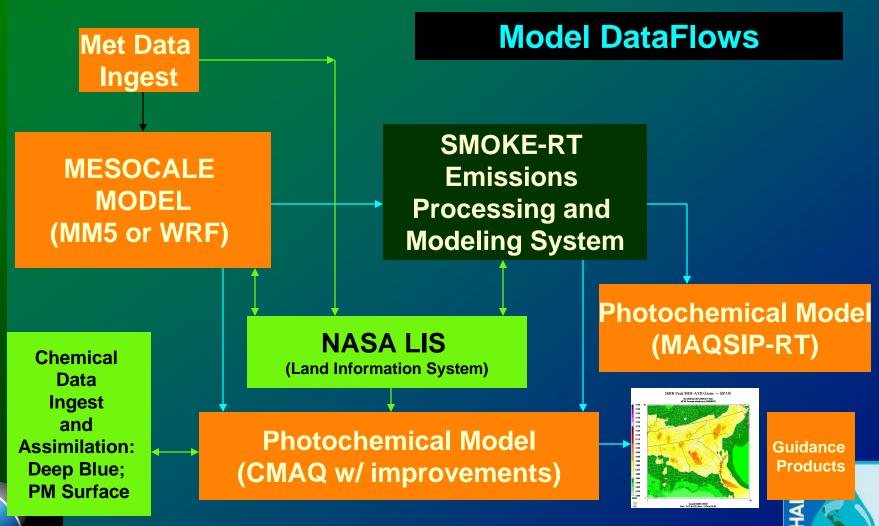








Domestic System





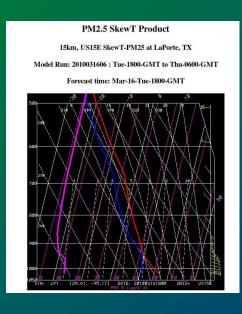


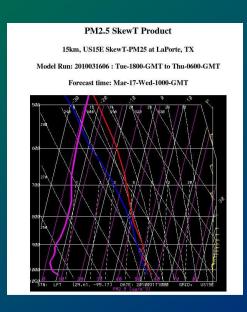
Domestic System

Products and Services Improvements

La Porte (Houston):

Forecast
PM2.5:
@ 18Z
well-mixed PBL





Followed by Forecast PM2.5:
@ 10Z
Nocturnal Inversion

BAMS has introduced forecast PM2.5
Skew-T diagrams
and animations which have been
well-received by forecasters



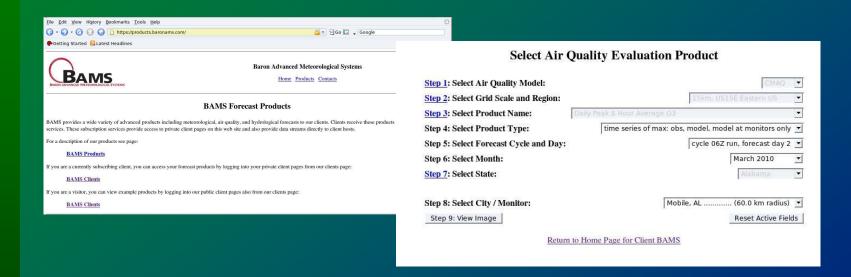






Domestic System

Products and Services Improvements



All clients will now have online real-time access to model evaluation data for their regions of interest in a wide variety of formats for both PM2.5 and ozone (for both forecast modeling systems)







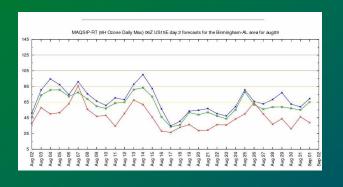


Domestic System

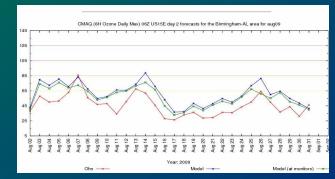
Recap of 2009-10
Performance: SE US
(Birmingham, AL)

O3: MAQSIP-RT

O3: CMAQ



Aug 2009



Note
Over-prediction
(both models,
both pollutants)



Feb 2010



PM25: CMAQ



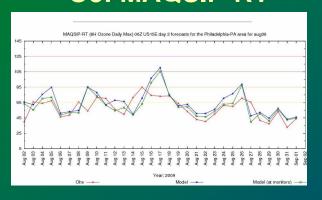




Domestic System

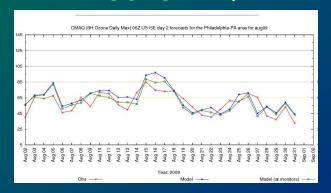
Recap of 2009-10 Performance: NE_Cor (Phila)

O3: MAQSIP-RT

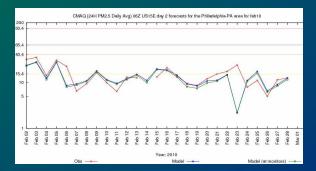


Aug 2009

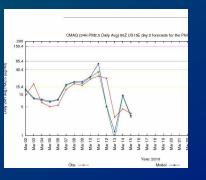
O3: CMAQ



Both models tracking reasonably wel (both pollutants)



PM25: CMAQ



Feb/Mar 2010







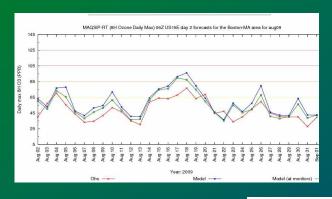


Domestic System

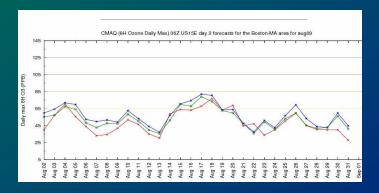
Recap of 2009-10 Performance: New Englang (Boston)

O3: MAQSIP-RT

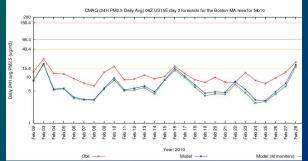
O3: CMAQ



Aug 2009



Note: O3 Over-prediction (both models); PM2.5 Underprediction (CMAQ)



Feb 2010



PM25: CMAQ







Domestic System

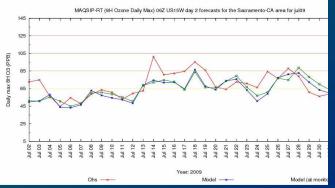
Note: MAQSIP-RT tracking reasonably well but under-forecasting some peaks

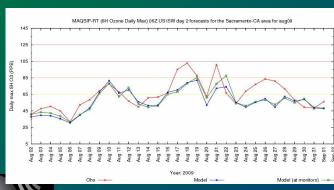
Recap of 2009-10 Performance: Sacramento

O3: MAQSIP-RT

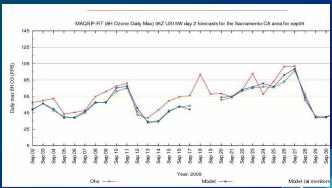


Jun/Jul 2009





Aug/Sep 2009







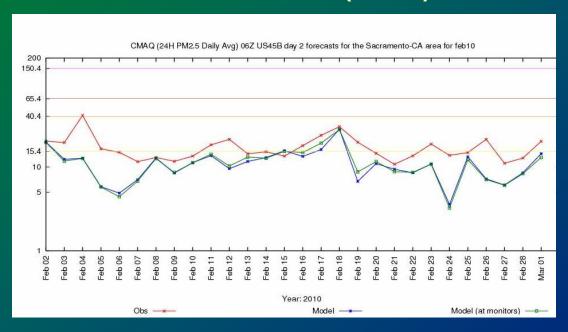


Domestic System

Note: CMAQ Under-Forecast PM2.5

Recap of 2009-10 Performance: Sacramento

PM25: CMAQ (45KM)



Feb 2010



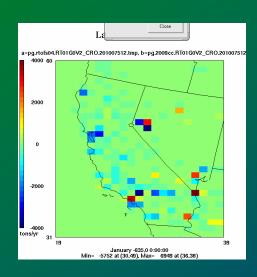




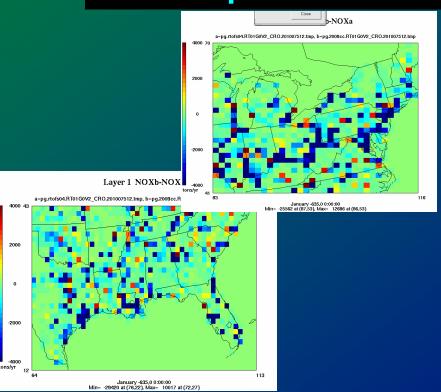


Domestic System

Point Source NOx by Region



Near Term Emissions Improvements





Differences: Annual ave (tons/year) 2009 minus 2002



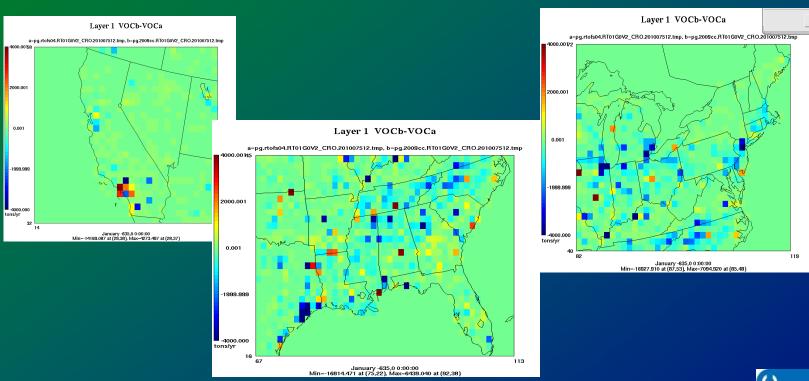




Domestic System

Point Source VOC by Region

Near Term Emissions Improvements





Differences: Annual ave (tons/year) 2009 minus 2002



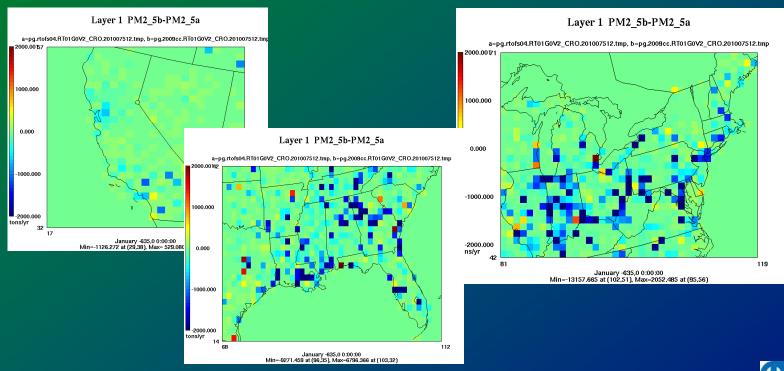




Domestic System

Point Source PM25 by Region

Near Term Emissions Improvements





Differences: Annual ave (tons/year) 2009 minus 2002



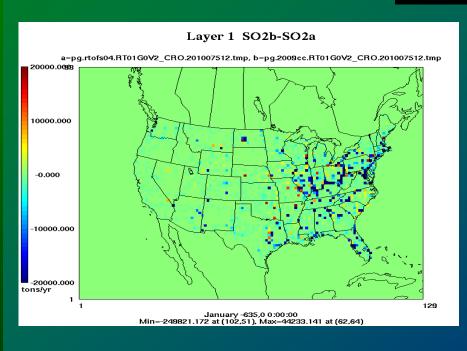


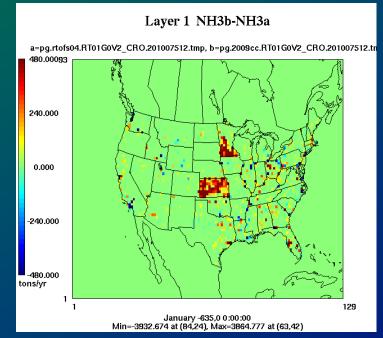


Domestic System

Point Source SO2 and NH3

Near Term Emissions Improvements





Differences: Annual ave (tons/year) 2009 minus 2002



САТНАГАС

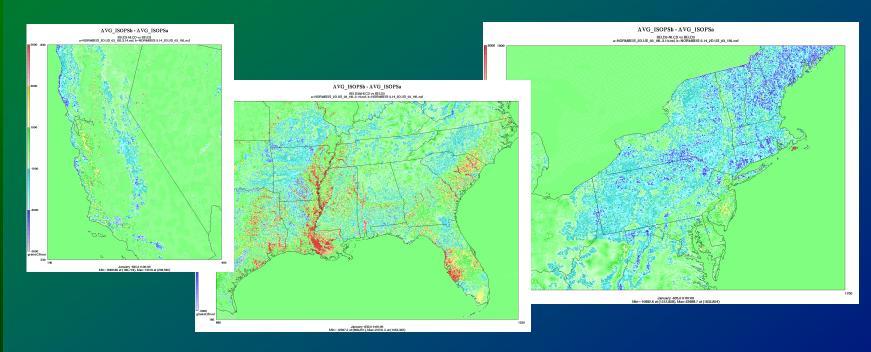




Domestic System

Biogenics: Coupled to 3KM operational LSM updated w/ NLCD and terrain-downscaled meteorology

Near Term Emissions Improvements













Domestic System

Data Assimilation Status

- Background and Observational EC matrices under development (using AERONET as reference)
- CMAQ benchmark against DENR complete
- CMAQ code enhancements ongoing

$$T_{b\lambda} = H_{mt}(C_m) + \varepsilon_{b\lambda}$$
 (1) Model Mass Concentration to AOD

$$T_{a\lambda} = T_{b\lambda} + P_b H^T [HP_b H^T + R_o]^{-1} [T_{o\lambda} - H (T_{b\lambda})]$$
(2) Data Assimilation Step

$$C_{m} = H_{tm} (T_{a\lambda}) + \epsilon_{m}$$
 (3) Analyzed AOD to Model Mass Concentration









Summary

BAMS Continues to be the leading provider of air quality forecast decision support:

- Models
 - MAQSIP-RT
 - CMAQ-DA w/ improved SOA
 - Emissions Modeling
 - MATC-H
- International
 - SERVIR-based implementation of CMAQ at CATHALAC
 - Potential for additional international applications
- Domestic System
 - New products/services: PM25 SkewT's; Full evaluation suite
 - 2009 Performance Analysis Results
 - O3 (generally hi-bias in the east—both models)
 - PM25 (generally hi-bias in SE)
 - West: both models slight under-prediction
 - Near term improvements
 - Adoption of 2009 point source inventory
 - Implementation of updated LSM-coupled biogenics
 - Implementation of variational data-assimilation for AOD

BAMS AQ Forecast Systems:

The Leader in Advanced Air Quality Forecast Modeling for Decision Support

Please stop by our booth in the Exhibit Hall to learn more









Acknowledgements

- Rudy Husar, Erin Robinson, Kari Hoijvari, Janja Husar (Center for Air Pollution Impacts and Trends Analysis, Wash U., St. Louis)
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- Carlie Coats; Jeff Vukovich; Don Olerud, Ted Smith, Jesse O'Neal, Bob Imhoff (BAMS)







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